



هيئة تنظيم الاتصالات  
Telecommunications Regulatory Authority

## ***TRA Bahrain Broadband Analysis Report***

***01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between  
00:00:00 and 00:00:00 Asia/Bahrain***

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Noticeable events this Quarter

All monitored Broadband Packages have been upgraded to 2Mb/s to make it easier for end users to compare results between Internet Service Providers. The upgrade was performed during January 2011, as a result Q1 2011 report is measuring the period from 1 February 2011 00:00 to 31 March 2011 24:00.

There was a network incident affecting the Batelco Broadband and Wholesales services between the 14 February and 17 February 2011 causing low speed browsing experience for end users.

The Tsunami in Japan on 11 March 2011 did not cause visible disturbances on the Broadband services in Bahrain.

The Falcon cable, supporting one of the Kingdom accesses to the internet was disrupted from the 23 March until the end of March causing disturbances or low browsing experience in some case.

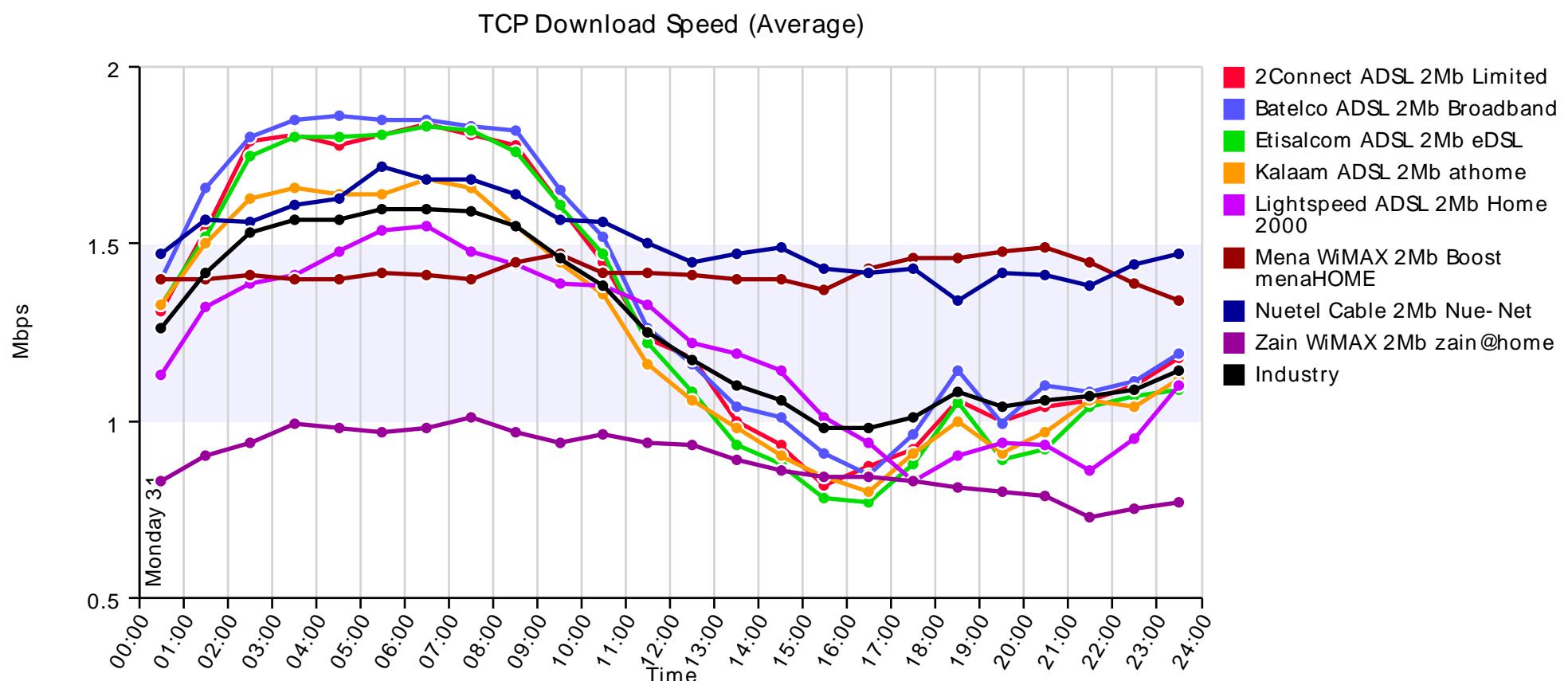
Averages recorded over the reporting period are inclusive of those incidents.

Orbit services have been removed from the report, due to the specific nature of the satellite technology performance could not be compared with fixed internet Service Providers.

# TCP Download Speed (Average)

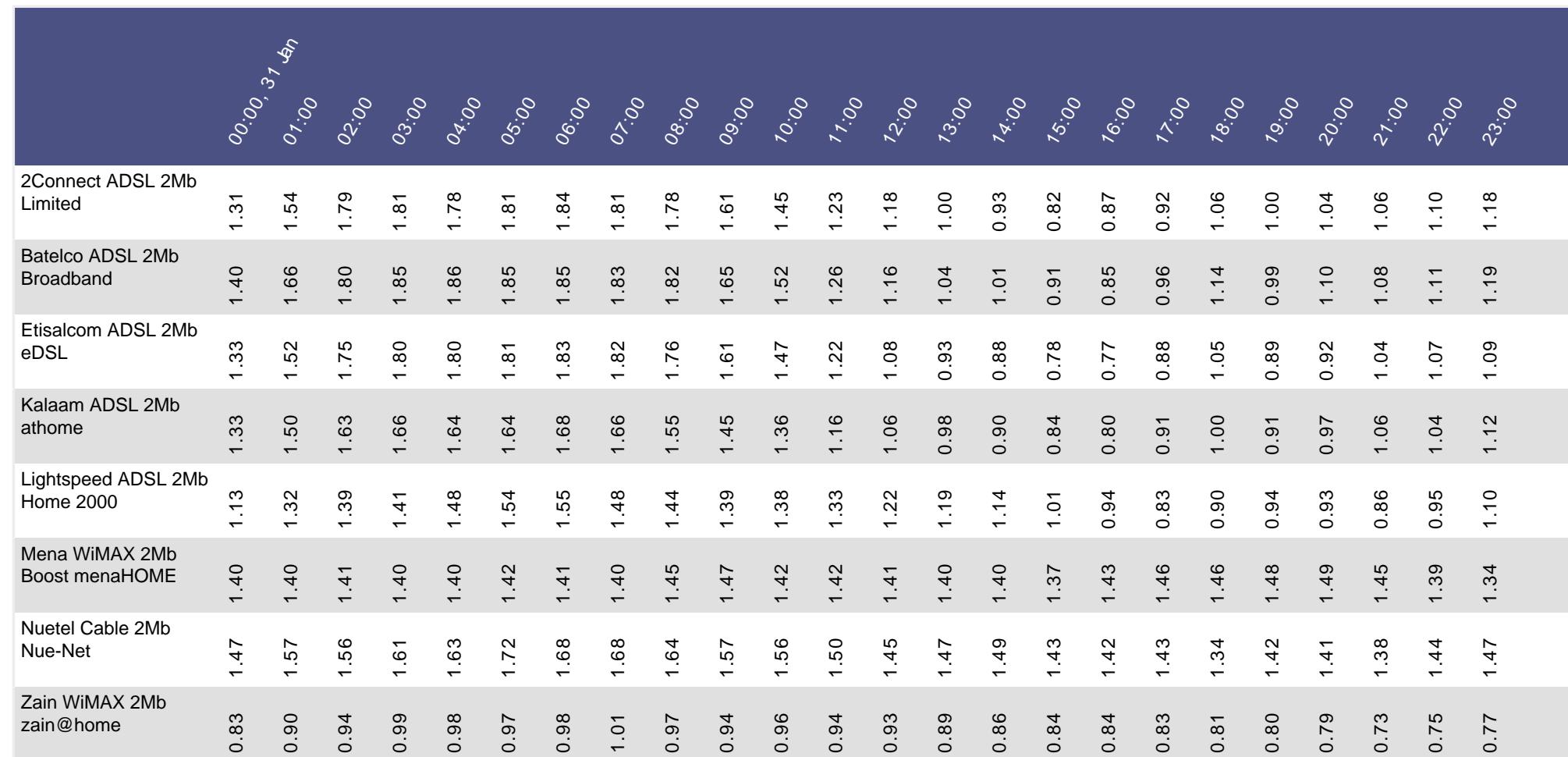
## TCP Download Speed (Average) Line Chart (Peer view)

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



**TCP Download Speed (Average) Line Chart Values (Peer view)**

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



Industry	1.26	1.42	1.53	1.57	1.57	1.60	1.60	1.59	1.55	1.46	1.38	1.25	1.17	1.10	1.06	0.98	0.98	1.01	1.08	1.04	1.06	1.07	1.09	1.14
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## TCP download measurements

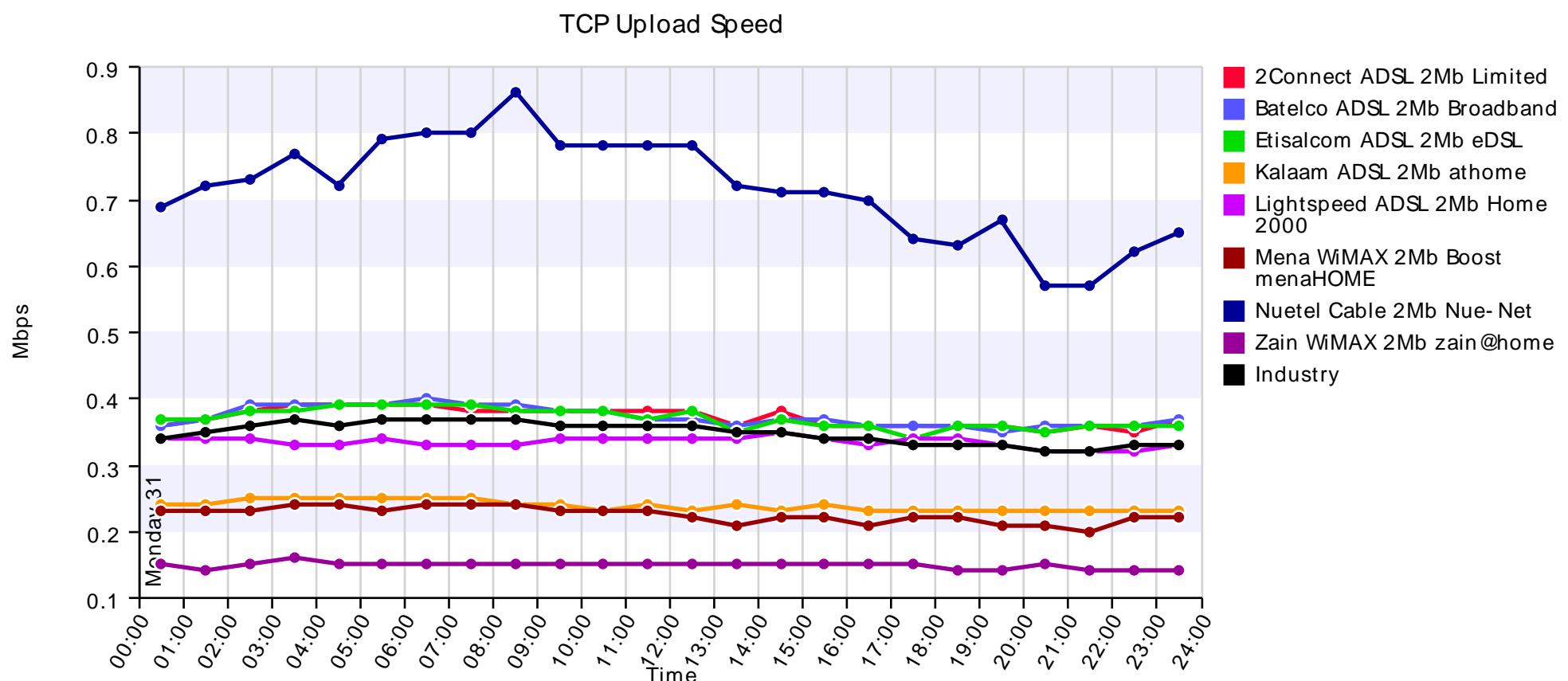
TCP (Transfer Control Protocol) throughput tests measuring download speeds are conducted at a raw socket level (a socket that allows access to the underlying transport provider (ISP) that is supported by protocols such as IPv4 and IPv6) in order to test the full capacity of the connection. The probe is configured to initiate multiple TCP sessions and simultaneously use all of the open sessions for the transmission of data. This effectively "floods" the connection and reports the throughput capacity of the line.

The test is conducted using a server endpoint running proprietary software that is hosted in a well peered data centre. Whilst the port through which the test is typically conducted is configurable, it is normal for port 80 to be used since this minimises the possibility of the traffic being managed or throttled during the test by an ISP. Once the session has been initiated standard data files are transmitted from the endpoint server to the probe and measurements taken of the download throughput of the connection. The test probe measures the time taken to transfer data and the volume of data transferred in a specific time. From these measurements the TCP download speeds can be derived.

## TCP Upload Speed (Average)

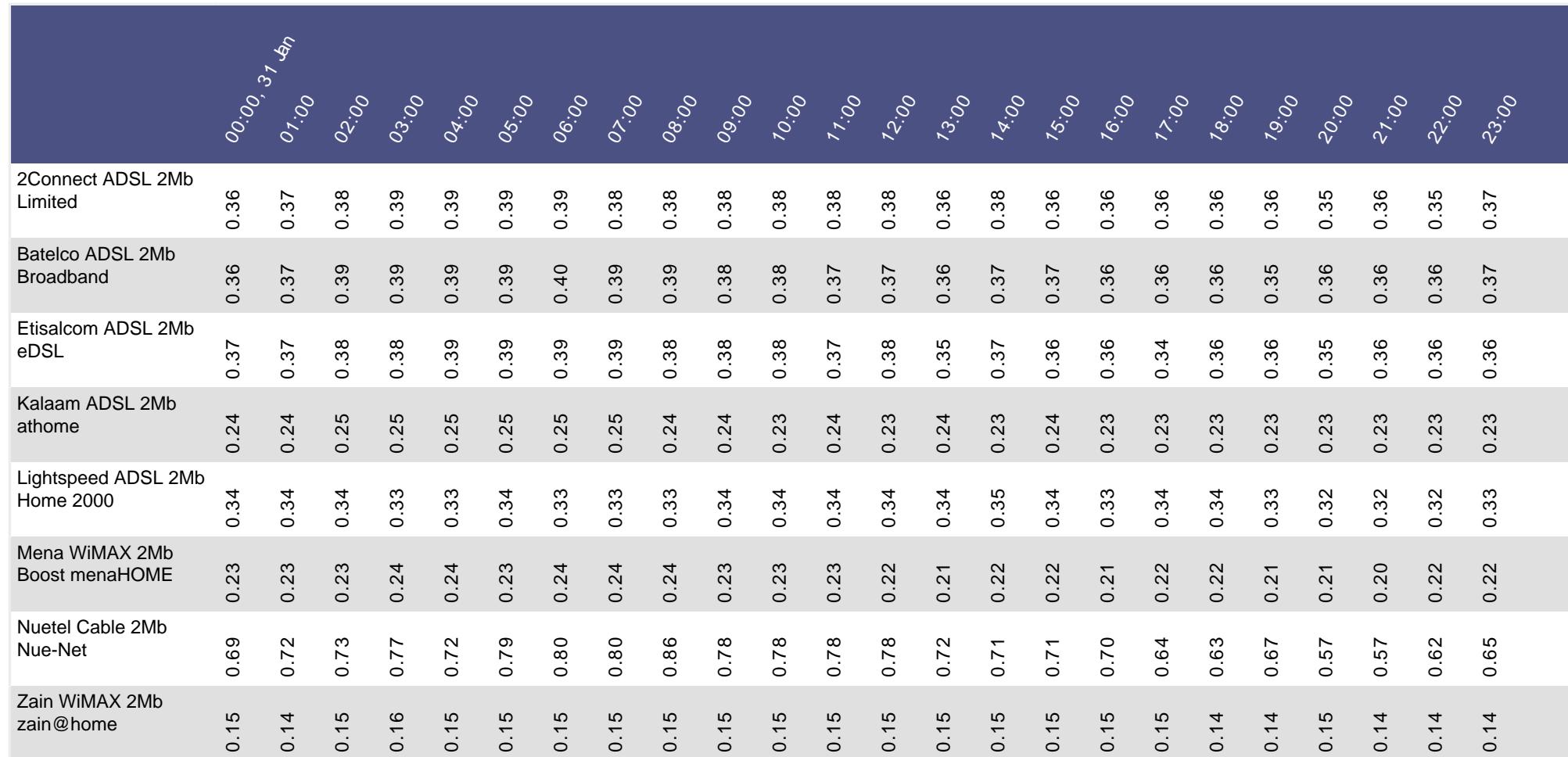
### TCP Upload Speed (Average) Line Chart (Peer view)

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



**TCP Upload Speed (Average) Line Chart Values (Peer view)**

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



Industry	0.34	0.35	0.36	0.37	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.37	0.36	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.34	0.34	0.33	0.33	0.33	0.32	0.32	0.33	0.33
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## TCP upload measurements

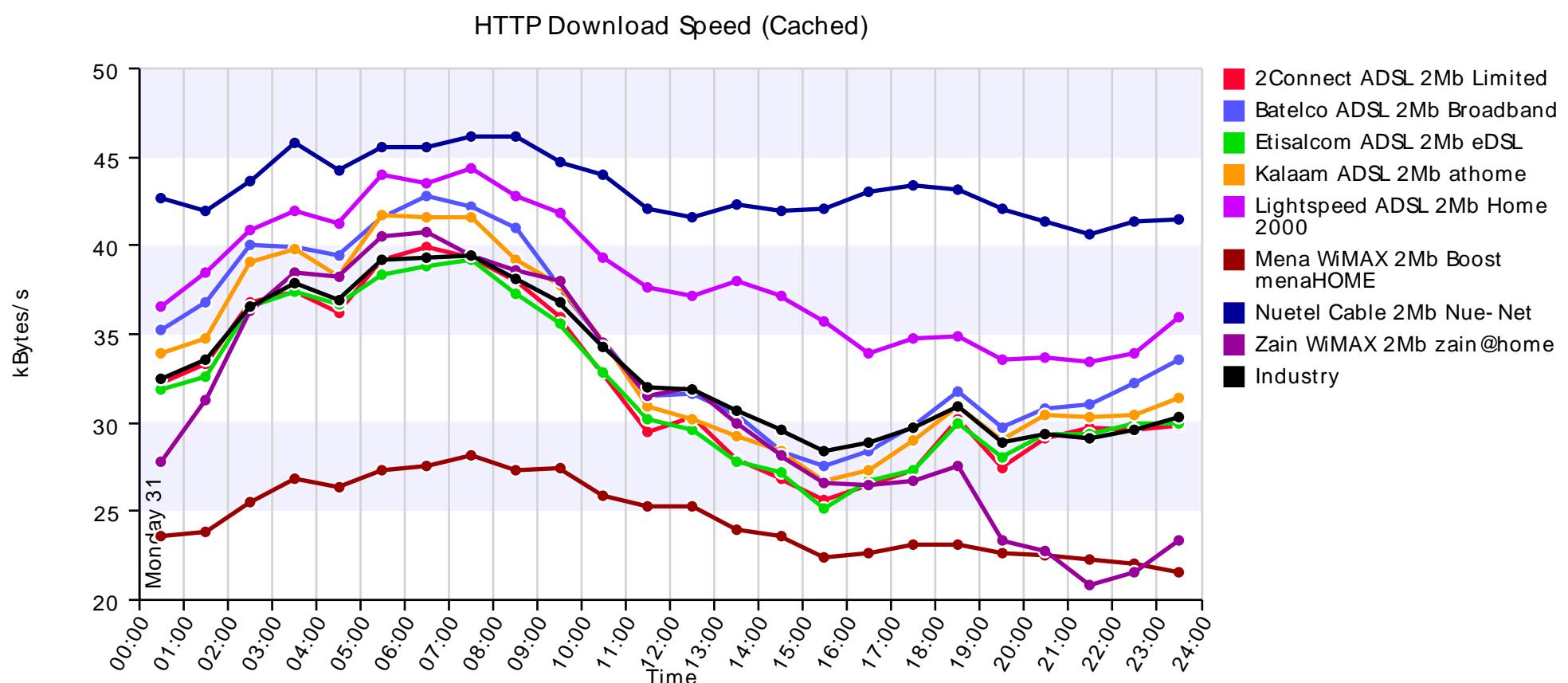
TCP (Transfer Control Protocol) throughput tests measuring upload speeds are conducted at a raw socket level (a socket that allows access to the underlying transport provider (ISP) that is supported by protocols such as IPv4 and IPv6) in order to test the full capacity of the connection. The probe is configured to initiate multiple TCP sessions and simultaneously use all of the open sessions for the transmission of data. This effectively "floods" the connection and reports the throughput capacity of the line.

The test is conducted using a server endpoint running proprietary software that is hosted in a well peered data centre. Whilst the port through which the test is typically conducted is configurable, it is normal for port 80 to be used since this minimizes the possibility of the traffic being managed or throttled during the test by an ISP. Once the session has been initiated standard data files are transmitted from the probe to the endpoint server and measurements taken of the upload throughput of the connection. The test probe measures the time taken to transfer data and the volume of data transferred in a specific time. From these measurements the TCP upload speeds can be derived.

## HTTP Download Speed (Cached)

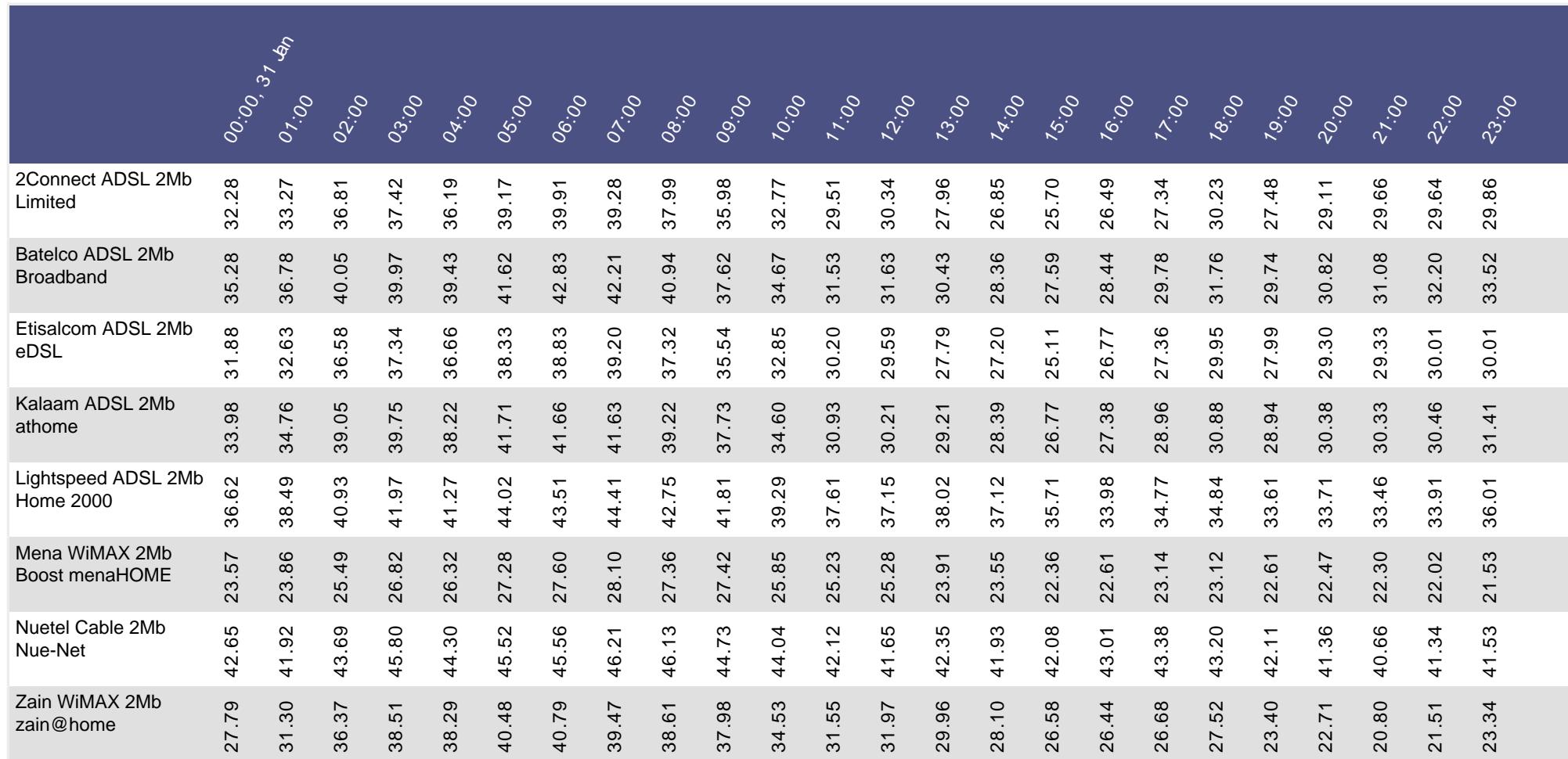
### HTTP Download Speed (Cached) Line Chart (Peer view)

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



**HTTP Download Speed (Cached) Line Chart Values (Peer view)**

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



Industry	32.51	33.51	36.60	37.90	36.96	39.18	39.37	39.48	38.11	36.77	34.30	31.99	31.85	30.71	29.65	28.44	28.91	29.68	30.89	28.92	29.39	29.07	29.57	30.35
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### HTTP Measurements (Download Speed - Cache)

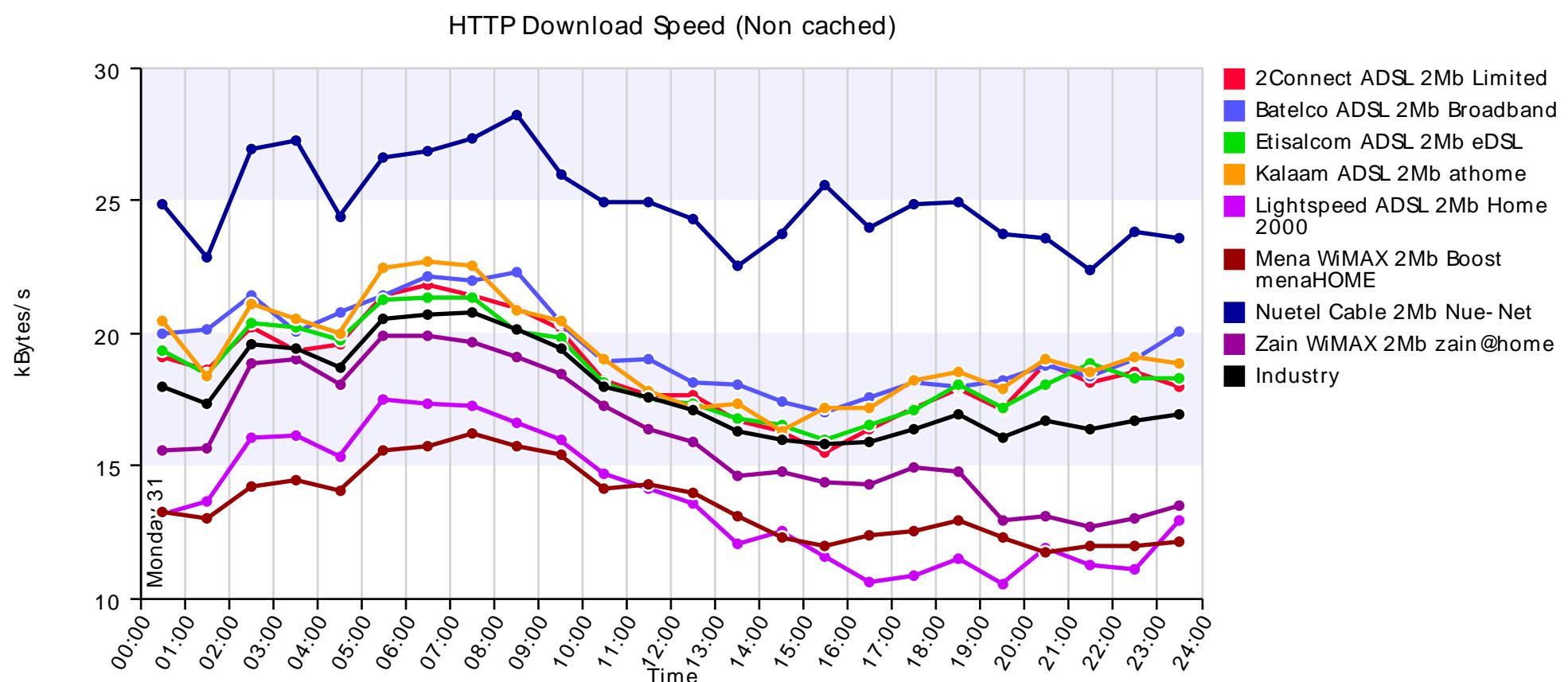
The HTTP (HyperText Transfer Protocol) test makes a request to a specified URL (Uniform Resource Locator) and records the time taken and the amount of data downloaded, from which the speed of the download is derived. Depending on the configuration of the test, test probe is also able to download the embedded content (e.g. images on a web page) in any HTML (HyperText Markup Language) that results from the HTTP request.

Any additional content downloaded is reflected in the captured timings and size of data downloaded. Additionally, the HTTP test can be configured to run in one of two modes of operation: cached and non-cached. When the test downloads from the specified URL in "cached" mode, the speed of the download could be impacted by any caching mechanisms implemented by the network provider.

## HTTP Download Speed (Non cached)

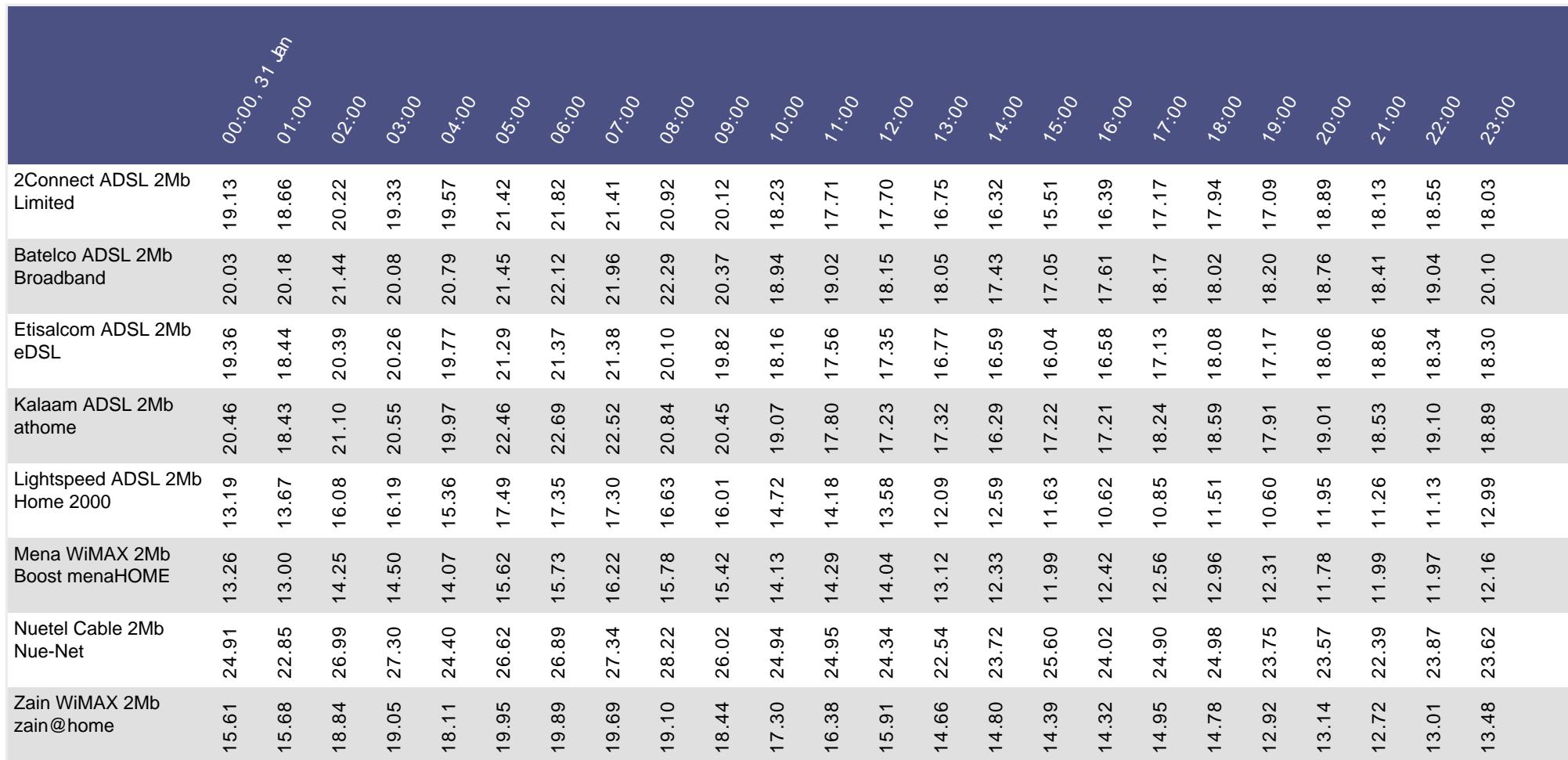
### HTTP Download Speed (Non cached) Line Chart (Peer view)

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



## HTTP Download Speed (Non cached) Line Chart Values (Peer view)

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



Industry	17.96	17.36	19.58	19.45	18.68	20.56	20.68	20.77	20.19	19.43	18.03	17.63	17.13	16.28	15.96	15.83	15.88	16.43	16.92	16.06	16.69	16.39	16.69	16.92
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### HTTP Measurements (Download Speed - Non Cache)

The HTTP (HyperText Transfer Protocol) test makes a request to a specified URL (Uniform Resource Locator) and records the time taken and the amount of data downloaded, from which the speed of the download is derived. Depending on the configuration of the test, test probe is also able to download the embedded content (e.g. images on a web page) in any HTML (HyperText Markup Language) that results from the HTTP request.

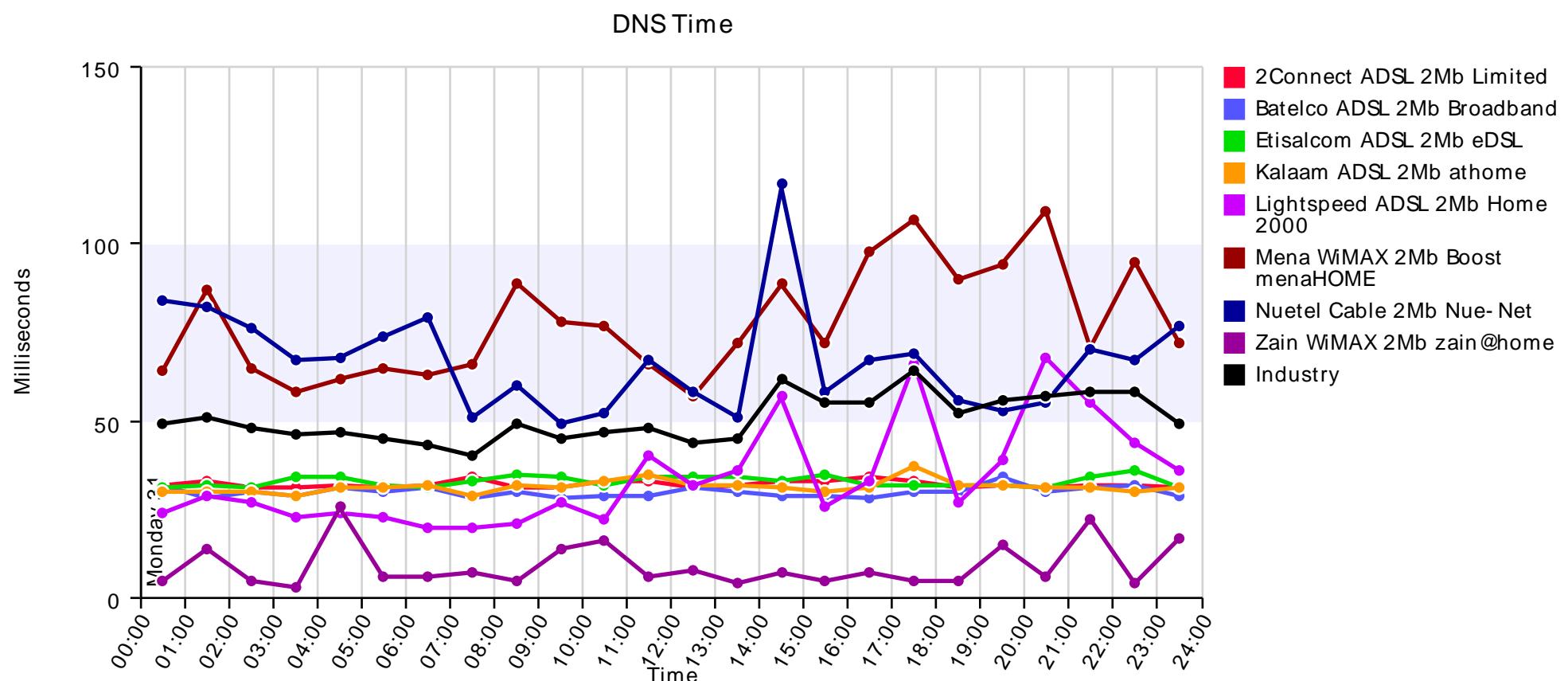
Any additional content downloaded is reflected in the captured timings and size of data downloaded. Additionally, the HTTP test can be configured to run in one of two modes of operation: cached and non-cached. When the test downloads from the specified URL in "non-cached" mode a random query parameter is appended to the end of the URL, which will result in the request bypassing any caches present in the network, and the request will be serviced by the web server specified in the URL as opposed to any cache.

## DNS Time

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### DNS Time Line Chart (Peer view)

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



## DNS Time Line Chart Values (Peer view)

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain

Industry	49	51	48	46	47	45	43	40	49	45	47	48	44	45	62	55	55	64	52	56	57	58	58	49
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## DNS Time (Domain Name System)

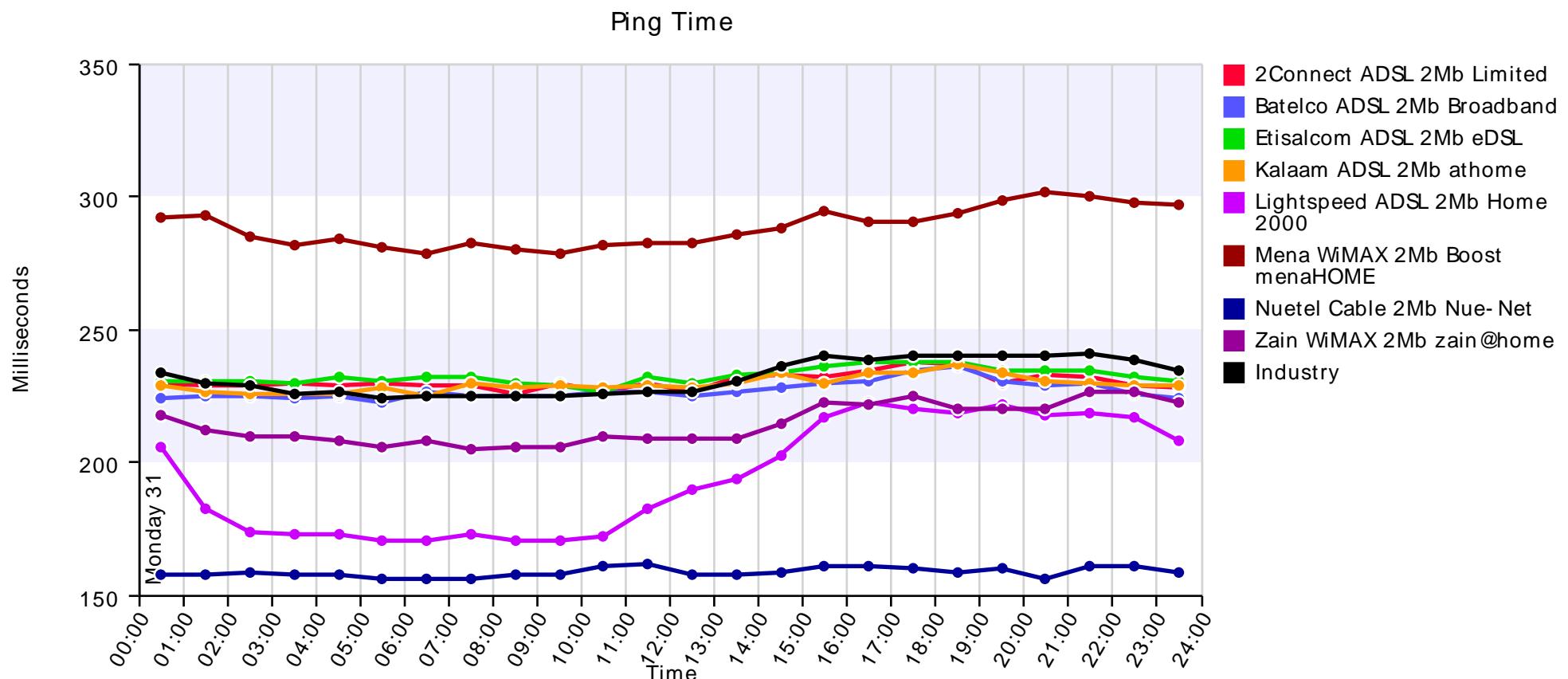
The DNS test records the time taken (in milliseconds) to resolve a fully qualified domain name to a corresponding IP address. The DNS servers used for the query are the DNS servers (primary and secondary) dynamically assigned by the service provider when the network connection is initiated. Alternatively a specific DNS server can be configured for use during DNS tests. The test probe disables the Windows DNS Client Service responsible for caching the results of DNS requests so that the DNS query is performed on the DNS servers, and not returned from any local cache.

## Ping Time

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### Ping Time Line Chart (Peer view)

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain



## Ping Time Line Chart Values (Peer view)

01 Feb 2011 - 31 Mar 2011, between 00:00:00 and 24:00:00 Asia/Bahrain

2Connect ADSL 2Mb Limited																			
Batelco ADSL 2Mb Broadband																			
Etisalcom ADSL 2Mb eDSL																			
Kalaam ADSL 2Mb athome																			
Lightspeed ADSL 2Mb Home 2000																			
Mena WiMAX 2Mb Boost menaHOME																			
Nuetel Cable 2Mb Nue-Net																			
Zain WiMAX 2Mb zain@home																			
218	158	292	206	229	231	224	230	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
212	158	293	183	227	231	225	229	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
210	159	285	174	226	231	225	229	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
210	158	282	173	226	230	224	230	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
208	158	284	173	226	232	225	229	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
206	156	281	171	228	231	223	230	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
208	156	279	171	225	232	227	229	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
205	156	283	173	230	232	225	229	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
206	158	280	171	228	230	225	226	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
206	158	279	171	229	229	225	230	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
210	161	282	172	228	227	227	227	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
209	162	283	183	229	232	227	230	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
206	158	283	190	228	230	225	227	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
209	158	286	194	230	233	227	232	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
215	159	288	203	234	234	228	233	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
223	161	295	217	230	236	230	232	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
222	161	291	223	234	238	231	235	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
225	160	291	220	234	238	235	238	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
220	159	294	219	237	238	236	237	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
220	160	299	222	234	235	231	230	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
220	156	302	218	231	235	229	233	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
227	161	300	219	230	235	230	232	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
227	161	298	217	229	232	226	229	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	
223	159	297	208	229	231	224	228	00:00, 31 Apr	01:00	02:00	03:00	04:00	05:00	06:00	07:00	08:00	09:00	10:00	

Industry	
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## Ping Time (Latency)

The Ping test measures network latency by sending an ICMP (Internet Control Message Protocol) echo request to the specified server. The time recorded by test probe is the total round trip time (in milliseconds) from the request to the echo response being received from the server. The measurements reported are the average time for tests to servers located in Bahrain, Europe and the USA.